

WANTS 1 CENT WORD ISSUE
The Colonist

The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON COLLIERIES
COAL
Hall, Goepel & Company
Telephone 83
100 Government Street

VOL. LXXX--NO. 38

VICTORIA, B.C., TUESDAY JULY 26 1898

FORTY-FIRST YEAR

...WATCH REPAIRING...

With Us
REPAIRING IS A SPECIALTY

We employ skilled workman capable of thoroughly repairing the most complicated watches. While we only charge the regular price for repairs, we guarantee our work to be the best and watches repaired by us to give perfect satisfaction.

Chaloner, Mitchell & Co.,
Watchmakers and Jewelers
47 GOVERNMENT STREET

Apollinaris

MIXED WITH
DEWAR'S EXTRA SPECIAL

Is the drink par excellence. Both the above can be obtained from all first-class dealers.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.
Agents for B.C.

Klondike Outfitting....

WILSON BROS.
Wholesale Grocers

Have the largest and best selected stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

A GOOD DRINK FOR WARM WEATHER IS

Our California Cider. Thousands drink this great Temperance Beverage every day and enjoy its delicious flavor. TRY SOME.

E. J. Saunders & Co.,
Family Grocer,
Johnson Street

DYEA--ALASKA...

Only 28 Miles from Salt Water to Lakes.

CHILKOOT TRADING CO., Dyea, Alaska.

COMPLETE OUTFITS
Groceries - Dry Goods - Hardware.

Victoria Agents--SHALLCROSS, MACAULAY & CO., Bastion St.

\$500,000.00

TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY

And for building purposes
AT LOW INTEREST.

Pay off Old Loans at High Interest and SAVE MONEY.

D. H. Macdowall,
Commission Agent, Room 4, Williams Bldg.
28 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

AGENT FOR
Enamelled Iron Signs.
Steel Rails, Beams, Brass Plates, Sheets, Etc.
Hydraulic Power Transmission by Compressed Air.

...W. JONES...

Important Sale,
AT 188 YATES STREET
Ralph Churton
AUCTIONEER

Is instructed by Charles Rutray, Esq., to sell on

Thursday Next, July 28th,
at 2 p.m., precisely, the whole of the superior

Household Furniture,

Comprising oak and other Bedroom Suites, Spring Mattresses, Bed and Table Linen, Carpets, Curtains, occasional and other Chairs, Oak Extension Table, handsome Sideboard, capital No. 8 J. N. L. Range, Secretary Bookcase, and a really fine Piano. On view on Wednesday afternoon and morning of sale.

Offers for sale, by private bargain, one of the choicest horsesteads on the Island, containing 610 acres of land, with large, well-kept orchard, profitable hotel, over 100 acres cultivated land, the whole well fenced; fronting on a fine sporting lake and the main trunk roads, six miles from the city; close to church, school and railway station. This is one of the biggest bargains ever offered investors. Price low, terms to suit. A fortune to right party.

HIGH LIFE

CIGARETTES

Are, Without a Doubt, in
Quality and Price

The Very Best Made

E. A. MORRIS'

Headquarters for

MINERS' SUPPLIES

SIMON LEISER & CO.

Victoria, B.C.

ICE CREAM

Henry Clay

Of the Metropolitan Lunch and Tea Rooms, is now running Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda (all flavors) having just imported the finest Fountain on the Coast. Special attention paid to ordered work for picnic and boating parties.

39 Fort Street

GEORGE BYRNES

AUCTIONEER
APPRAISER AND
COMMISSION
AGENT

OFFICE 15 YATES STREET

Liberal advances made on goods consigned for sale

Have Large Rooms for City Auctions

DO YOU USE A GAS STOVE?

Are now loaning and fitting up free of charge Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. Gas is sold at the reduced rate of \$1.25 per M. cubic feet for fuel.

Advantages of using gas for cooking purposes: 1--Less heat in kitchen. 2--A gas stove is always ready for instant use, day or night. 3--A gas stove will do all the cooking a coal or wood stove does only quicker and cleaner. 4--A gas stove means less work, no fuel to carry or ashes to remove. 5--Food is not placed in contact with the gas. 6--The average cost of using a gas range in this city does not exceed \$1.75 per month.

Stoves can be seen at any time at the gas works, where any further information will be gladly given.

Municipal Notice

SEWERS' RENTALS.

Notice is hereby given that the 1st day of August next is the last day for paying rent due for the year 1898, under the Sewers Rental By-Law, 1898.

In default of payment at my office, City Hall, by the said 1st day of August, the said rent will be collected by process of law.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

City Treasurer and Collector's Office, City Hall, Victoria, B. C., July 23, 1898.

WANTED--20 dozen chickens, all kinds of feed, flour, etc., at lowest rates. Hartman & Co., 72 Yates street. 1/221

PLATE GLASS INSURANCE--Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co., of New York. J. W. Moller, agent, guarantees replacement within 24 hours. 1/224

SCREEN DOORS from \$1.50 each; inside doors from \$1.50 each. J. W. Moller, agent for Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co. 1/225

GROOKED PEOPLE MADE STRAIGHT

By Our Shoulder Braces

BOWES, HE DISPENSES PRESCRIPTIONS
100 Gov St., near Yates St.

W. T. Hardaker,

Victoria's Popular Auctioneer

Has the best adapted and by far the largest store in the city, No. 7, 7 1/2, and 8, Douglas St., corner of Yates. Auctioneer of Real Estate, Live Stock, General Merchandise, Furniture, Etc., 1-1/2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily. Sale at your own home and can get the best prices obtainable. E. Russell and stocks bought outright or on any and all spot cash. All business strictly confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On Victoria real estate by the Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation, repayable in a straight sum; and by the Dominion Building and Loan Association, repayable by a definite number of easy monthly payments, extending from 3 to 10 years, as may be agreed upon.

STOCKS FOR SALE.

Van Andra	50
Virginia	46
Noble Fire	32
Monte Cristo	32
Victoria-Texas	3
Deer Park	25
Durand	25
Slacian Star	1.40
Good Hope	25
Iron Mask	25
North Star	25
Alberni Consolidated	25

Quotations for other stocks to be had on application at my office. List your stocks with us, as we are in daily communication, by wire, with Toronto, Montreal, Spokane, Rossland and other outside cities.

WANTED.

We have purchasers for Peorran, West Le Roy, Eureka Consolidated, Cariboo of Camp McKinstry, Cariboo Hydraulic, and Nelson & Port Sheppard Railway Company shares.

FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Either furnished or unfurnished, the property of Hedley Chapman, situated on Dallas Road, and commanding a magnificent view of the Straits and the Olympian Mountains. For further particulars call at our office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

In all parts of the city. Call and examine our list before purchasing.

FARMS FOR SALE.

On Vancouver Island and in all parts of the Province. Call and examine our list before purchasing elsewhere; \$5,200 can purchase an excellent farm on Vancouver Island, with 6-roomed house and good farm buildings, and about 80 acres, cleared.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
86 Government street.

PAINT YOUR BUGGY with Moller's Carriage Paint. Send for colors, Moller's Bath Tub Enamel, 65c; floor paint, \$1.50 a gallon. J. W. Moller, Fort street.

ISLAND POTATOES at \$1.10 per 100 lbs. Why look further? Without our potatoes your men is not complete. Sylvester Seed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 413. 1/220

The Palo Alto Gold Mining Co., Ltd. Ly.

The third annual general meeting of this Company will be held on Tuesday, August 2nd, 1898, at 3 p.m., at the office of the Company, Rooms 9 and 11, Fire Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B. C., for the election of trustees, consideration of accounts and audit and the report of the trustees, and to authorize the trustees to make arrangements for the sale or working of the property, and general business. No other notice will be given.

C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

THE NEW GOVERNOR.

Military Secretary to Marquis of Lansdowne Returns to Succeed Aberdeen.

Now the Earl of Minto, But Better Known to Canadians as Lord Melgund.

A Former Officer of British Army He Volunteered for Northwest Rebellion.

London, July 25.--The Earl of Minto, who as Lord Melgund was in Canada on the staff of Lord Lansdowne, has been appointed Governor-General of Canada in succession to the Earl of Aberdeen.

Gilbert John Eliot-Murray-Kynynmound, fourth Earl of Minto, was born in 1845 and succeeded to the title in 1891. As a lieutenant in the Scots Guards he served in Egypt and Afghanistan, but retired from the army at an early age. He commands the South of Scotland Volunteers, with the rank of colonel. He is a Liberal in politics. He married in 1883 Mary Caroline, daughter of General Mon. Chas. Grey. While with Lord Lansdowne in Canada in 1885 he volunteered for service on the staff of General Middleton during the Northwest rebellion.

VICTIMS OF SANTIAGO.

Dead Spaniards Floated for Days in the Trenches--Red Cross Surgeons Under Guerrilla Fire.

Washington, July 25.--From Santiago under date of July 8, Mrs. John Addison Porter, wife of the secretary to the President and now with Miss Clara Barton in Cuban relief work, has written a personal letter describing the conditions there. It was written a week after the great battles of El Caney and San Juan. The Red Cross were then aiding in the care of the wounded and feeding the fugitives from Santiago. The Spaniards wounded captives expressed much gratitude that they were given the same attention as the Americans. One surgeon who dressed the wounds of 200 American and Spanish soldiers told Mrs. Porter that nearly all the Spanish were hit two and three times while as a rule the Americans received a single wound, indicating the difference of marksmanship. At this time everybody was busy caring for the sick and wounded. The American dead had been buried, but the trenches were full of dead Spaniards whose bodies floated on the surface of the water caused by the rains and filled the air with sickening odors. She saw instances of Spanish barbarity and says in several instances men were shot dead as they lay in Red Cross litters on the way to hospitals. This firing went on so unceasingly that the surgeons operated by moonlight. They were afraid to light lanterns as the Spanish sharpshooters would have pined them out. Commissioners of Spanish barbarity and says in several instances men were shot dead as they lay in Red Cross litters on the way to hospitals. This firing went on so unceasingly that the surgeons operated by moonlight. They were afraid to light lanterns as the Spanish sharpshooters would have pined them out. Commissioners of Spanish barbarity and says in several instances men were shot dead as they lay in Red Cross litters on the way to hospitals. 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THE FUTURE OF THE PROVINCE.

"You have only begun to develop your mines, and yet you are producing at the rate of \$8,000,000 a year. What will you be doing in twenty years?" This was the remark of a visitor to Victoria. His question cannot easily be answered. If we make an estimate based upon the relation which the development made bears to the possibilities of development in sight we should say that the visitor's estimate of a twenty-fold increase is not excessive. This would amount to \$160,000,000, a sum which is simply incomprehensible, when we endeavor to realize that it would mean in the way of affording employment for labor, furnishing a market for farm produce, giving traffic for railways and augmenting the whole volume of commerce and industry. What would it not signify to the owners of city real estate?

This is a view of the case which usually escapes notice. Real estate values have fluctuated on the coast so much, and the fluctuations have been so generally due to adventitious circumstances, that the immense appreciation in land certain to follow from the growth of the mining industry to anything approach its full capacity is scarcely ever considered. The cities of the Atlantic seaboard furnish illustrations of what may be expected in this way. Great as have been the fortunes made in speculative times in the West by the advance in city property, they are small compared with those made in New York and other Eastern cities during the last twenty-five years from the rise in land values. If one rides through New York or Brooklyn with some one who has lived there for twenty-five or thirty years and has pointed out to him the places which were fields within his memory, the feeling aroused will be one of amazement, and he will ask his cicerone to explain why he did not get hold of some of the land when it was to be had cheaply. The answer will always be that there seemed better investments offering. But experience has proved that there is no investment to be compared with land near a growing city, or one that has the surroundings that will make it grow. When old John Jacob Astor said to his son: "Get dirt, my boy. New York dirt is the best thing to buy," he showed profound wisdom. We are not suggesting that Victoria and Vancouver real estate will appreciate like what was suburban realty in New York thirty years ago, but what we do say is that when the development of British Columbia has fairly set in, and the commerce, certain to be created, begins to flow over the thresholds of our cities and across the ocean, there will be great fortunes in land well located.

The future of British Columbia will surpass the dreams of the most imaginative. There are people now living in the province who will see great cities here and scores of departments of industry prospering which have no place now in the community. The one incentive to this great advance will be railway construction. The province must be opened by railways. For this the people can afford to incur risks. They can afford to reckon upon an expanding revenue. As a general proposition it may be said that the future of British Columbia will keep pace with the enlargement of the facilities of communication. But while it is true that the people of the province can afford to take chances on the strength of a revenue that is certain to expand, the Dominion has its duty to discharge in the premises. The development of our mines means more to the revenue of Canada as a whole than it does to that of the province. This is a part of the claim for fair play, which must soon be submitted to the Dominion cabinet. The case is so strong that we are sure it will be heeded when properly presented.

IN THE INTEREST OF CLEANLINESS.

The condition of the corridor of the new postoffice on Monday morning was disgraceful. It was littered from end to end with scraps of paper. We venture to say that there is not a public building between Victoria and Valparaiso the corridor of which presented an equally disreputable appearance. The fault lies with the citizens, who ought to have sufficient regard for cleanliness not to throw the wrappings of newspaper, torn envelopes and other rubbish around the floor. The Colonist remembers hearing a member of the legislature object to the new legislative chamber because a member could not stand in the doorway and smoke. This remark was representative of the bad habits which permit men to make places of public resort offensive to the eye. It is a trait of remote backwoods life in old settled communities, where people by reason of their not having the refinements of life grow careless of little things and thus render places of public resort obnoxious. The same idea is the dominant one of tramp life, a sense of freedom from restraint in the enjoyment of public privileges. In the tramp it leads to his never washing himself; in the backwoods community it leads to the defilement of public places. Victorians ought to be above this sort of thing; but the condition of the streets lends a stranger to think they are not. A gentleman who called at the Colonist

office yesterday said that frequently as he came down to business in the morning he found persons sweeping the dirt from stores into the gutters. In the course of the day it is blown back again or elsewhere. When told that a city by-law prohibited this, he said that there must be some mistake about that. Presumably the public must put up with the littering of the streets, but some effort ought to be made to keep the postoffice corridor clean. The fault does not lie with the postoffice officials. Parliament did not contemplate that the people of Victoria would not have sufficient sense of propriety to keep a public building clean, and so did not provide a salary for some one to act as a special janitor for the corridor. There is no receptacle in the corridor for refuse paper, which may or may not have been the fault of the architect. There ought to be a large basket at each end of the corridor in which people could throw refuse, but the postmaster can hardly be expected to pay for them out of his own pocket, and it is said that the officials in charge of the Dominion public buildings have no authority to buy baskets. If this is the case, we have no doubt that there are enough people in Victoria, who desire to see the corridor kept clean, to "chip in" ten cents apiece and buy two baskets and pay for the printing of two placards prominently directing every one to put refuse paper in the baskets and not on the floor. This may seem like a small matter, but so is washing one's face. As we despise a man who does not keep his face clean, so strangers regard a community with contempt, if, having a fine public building, its people do not know enough to keep it looking decent.

THE LAND OF SUNSHINE.

Before summer twilight fades in Victoria, the people of historic Louisbourg, Cape Breton, see the first streaks of dawn in the Eastern sky, and before the sun sets in Northern British Columbia, he is high in the heavens over New Brunswick. There is no land in the world, except the Russian Empire, which enjoys so much summer sunshine as Canada, and probably none that enjoys as much throughout the twelvemonth. These observations are suggested by the receipt of Morang's Midsummer Annual, which is entitled "Our Lady of the Sunshine." The magazine is full of interesting reading matter and illustrations. Among the writers are Lady Aberdeen, who contributes a paper entitled: "Where Dwells Our Lady of the Sunshine," and William Henry Drummond, who has one of his inimitable habit poems. Then there are Archibald Laumann, Louis Frechette, Wilfrid Campbell, J. Macdonald Oxley, Sir James Edgar, Sir James Lemoine and other well known literateurs represented in its pages. It is a very striking number, and ought to be widely circulated.

GOOD-BYE.

Victoria bids the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen a most affectionate good-bye. They have made many friends in British Columbia and nowhere more than in Victoria, where they have remained on the occasion of their several visits long enough to permit people to get a glimpse, and more than a glimpse, of their honest hearts.

They leave behind them here nothing but pleasant memories, and carry with them nothing but kindly wishes, coupled with the highest respect and the warmest esteem. They have done a good work in Canada.

THE NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

The Earl of Minto, who is to succeed Lord Aberdeen as Governor-General, is not a stranger to Canada. His experience here as military secretary to the Marquis of Lansdowne gave him an insight into Canadian character and he will not be very likely to make many mistakes. There will be some regret that a more conspicuous person has not been chosen for the high office, but this will be moderated by the reflection that, after all, the part played by a governor-general in our public life is not as great as it formerly was. This is not to intimate that Lord Minto will not prove a worthy successor to the distinguished men who have occupied the exalted post to which he has been appointed. He will receive a cordial welcome.

The faults in the concrete sidewalk around the new post office building were not due to the quality of material or poor workmanship; but to the malicious act of some person unknown. In a half dozen places the newly laid concrete was bored into and loosened, and it was for this reason that repairs had to be made. The matter was placed in the hands of the police at the time but up to the present the perpetrator of the outrage has not been found. This is published to do away with any impression of incompetency that may have been created against the contractors for the sidewalk.

Rev. Canon Beaudouin speaks with a great deal of positiveness upon the question of precedence, but we do not think that he settles the question. What the Colonist was dealing with was what is, not what might be. The law does not prescribe a place for the Admiral commanding the fleet on the North Pacific station, and hence there is no authority for holding that because the Admiral commanding the fleet on the North Atlantic station ranks before the Lieutenant-Governors, the former must do so likewise. That might be a good reason for amending the table of precedence, but when that question arises several things will have to be considered and the change might result in placing the Lieutenant-governors in all cases next to the governor-general. Referring specially to the occasion over which this discussion arose, it may be pointed out that Admiral Palliser and the officers of the fleet were placed before the Lieutenant-Governor. This cannot be excused by the most spe-

cious reasoning, for it places the youngest midshipman at Esquimalt before the Lieutenant-Governor.

Too much praise cannot be given to those who had in charge the arrangements for the civic reception to their Excellencies last evening. The thanks of the citizens are due to Admiral Palliser for having placed so fine an assortment of bunting at the disposal of the city, and to the officers and men of the Fifth Regiment for the good taste with which the Drill hall was decorated.

The opinions of the Ottawa Journal, which the Times of this city copies, probably originate in the Times office. We do not mean that the Journal does not express these opinions, but only that a well-defined rumor says the Times is the source from which the Journal draws its inspiration on British Columbia questions.

When Lord Aberdeen said that he believed the people of Victoria would work together for the benefit of the city, he was hardly saying what experience in this city would lead the average man to expect. Yet what the city wants as much as anything else is unity of action.

The propriety of putting a small tax on bicycles to be expended in improving the streets is admitted and acted on in many places. Bicycling makes, or ought to make, an additional charge upon the revenues of the city, which ought to be met in some way.

The Vancouver Province is doing its little best to stir up sectional strife between the Mainland and the Island. There is one highly satisfactory feature about its efforts, namely, that the coarseness of its language is such that its base attempt will react upon itself and those who are responsible for its utterances.

Commenting upon the British Columbia elections, the Winnipeg Free Press says: "The story that the Lieutenant-Governor will dismiss his present advisers and call in others, thus usurping the right to break the tie, may as well be disbelieved now as later on. It is not at all probable he will do anything so high-handed."

No, "M.J.A." William III. does not look a bit funny, when you recall that at the time the celebrated messages to Augusta were sent, William was not Kaiser, but only King of Prussia.

Congratulations to Mayor Redfern upon his very excellent speech. It was well delivered and contained many admirable thoughts remarkably well expressed.

The idea of an embankment across James Bay will commend itself to many people. That is something within the reach of the city's finances.

The fast Atlantic steamship project has followed the Dominion Yukon railway scheme, and disappeared from public gaze.

BY WAY OF VARIETY.

Free Speech—"We have lost the county printing, owing to the machinations of the press," says the current issue of the "Punch" (the Eagle), "but, thank heaven, we have thereby regained our freeman's prerogative."—Indianapolis Journal.

Happy Innocence—"I wonder if those pushies use lardum on their baby nights?" "No; pushies slugs it to sleep." "I didn't know pushies could slug." "Well, the baby's old enough to be critical."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Ammonia—"David nudged Edith and pointed to a bottle on the shelf. 'Don't swallow that,' he whispered, earnestly. 'It looks like water, but it's the kind of stuff hornets are loaded with.'"—Judge.

A Study in Dimensions—"Jimmy, how large a piece of cake do you want?" "I want a big piece, but don't give me so large a piece that I'll have to divide with sister."—Chicago Record.

"Is your partner a man of good judgment?" asked in old friend who is in the "There," was the unctuous answer, "is a man of infallible judgment. He never makes a move without taking my advice."—Detroit Free Press.

"Birkie's boy has been made a major." "I didn't know that he ever saw any service." "He didn't. He saw the President."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Is he a self-made man?" "No; father-in-law made."—Puck.

"It has just occurred to me," said the Spanish nobleman, who was like unto the "I don't see how I can get a few hundred years behind the times," that the Yankee plagues is mightier than the Spanish sword."—Indianapolis Journal.

When Chloe made her sleeves last year she builded better than she knew. For now the fashion docks her gear. And those balloons are voted queer. Last season's waist provides her two.

Abse! we men are not so wise. We fiddle fools and lose our time; Our garb is regular size; We cannot even split our ties; And half the world will say "He lies." If we assume to change our ways.—Chicago Record.

"That," said Maud, as the distinguished statesman entered the room, "is the Victoria Cross." "Is it?" inquired Maudie, in a tone of great interest. "How many medals have you made to get one?"—Washington Star.

"For lack wasn't pleasant. For William has the best. But their marriage proves she was the day; All her troubles uncounted. Were quickly surmounted. For where there's a Will there's a way."—Chicago News.

Geoff (returned home)—Mrs. Jones gave me a whole piece of cake. Geoff's mother: Did you ask for it? Geoff—No. Mother:—And I told you not to. Geoff—No, mama. You told me not to ask for everything I saw. I saw the cake; it was in the pantry.—Boston Transcript.

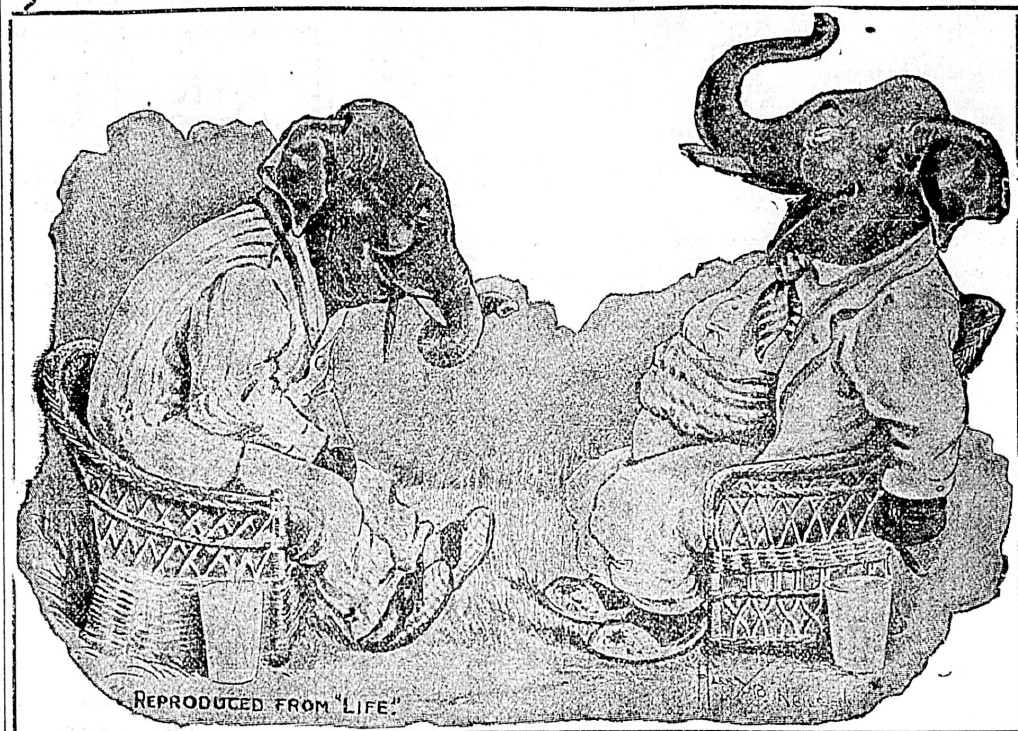
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SOME GOOD THINGS



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PRECEDENCES.

The question of provincial precedence, which was referred to yesterday in your columns depends upon certain principles which seem to have been overlooked. (1.) Local and general precedence are two different things. The first indicates the relative positions occupied by officials in their own sphere, the second the relative position that these occupy in the larger sphere of imperial authority. For example: The Mayor is the chief magistrate in every municipal sphere. Therefore the Mayor occupies the chief position in every strictly municipal function. But the relative rank of the Lord Mayor of London and the mayor of some provincial town must be decided on grounds of general precedence, and is so decided by a higher authority than either.

(2.) Within the Dominion of Canada provincial precedence is a matter confined to the local sphere of each province. Neither the Dominion authorities nor the Imperial authorities have anything to do with it, unless some outrage were perpetrated by authority. The Lieutenant-Governor—so to speak as to justify an appeal against him to the authority which created him. Except in such a case, provincial precedence is clearly within his ordering, and a code of local precedence should be promulgated by him, as the chief authority.

(3.) But should Dominion functions temporarily take the place of provincial functions then and there only should Dominion precedence, which may be described as the general precedence of the Dominion of Canada prevail.

(4.) The admiral in command of the Pacific station is no more a provincial official than the one in command of the North Atlantic station. Like the sea power of which he is the representative "his march is over the boundless wave."

(5.) On shore he is so to speak the guest of that provincial authority within whose jurisdiction he may for the time be, and should occupy the position of an honored guest next to his host.

(6.) But if the function of which he is present should be a Dominion function, in which rules of Dominion precedence prevail, then his position is clearly next to the Governor-General, not subordinate to those local Lieutenant-Governors with whose authority he has ordinarily no more to do than with the mayors of the various municipalities. The case of the bishop in South Australia has been pointed to by confusing the issues. Where there is no state church the authority can by courtesy show any respect it pleases to ministers of religion provided no injury be done by such action. In this particular case there appears to have been a sense of injury and a consequent appeal to higher authority. But this affords no true precedent for interference in local precedence by the Colonial office or other imperial authority. The Lieutenant-Governor has within himself full and competent powers delegated by the crown, which will enable him to decide local questions, and to promulgate local tables, and has I have said nothing but the flagrant abuse of such powers can justify the interference of external authorities.

The reason why there should be more uncertainty on this coast with reference to the admiral's position than on the Atlantic seaboard is doubtless greatly due to the fact that here the entire seaboard is within one province, which creates the wholly fictitious impression that the admiral's authority is within the jurisdiction of British Columbia.

So far as the offending programme is concerned it is simply an instance of the almost unavoidable blunders which are perpetrated by private individuals when dealing in a quasi-official way with the names of public officers. For if it be desired to pay due respect to the rank of the Governor-General then Dominion precedence must be observed. In this case the admiral would be in his right place, but his officers would not. For there is no question possible between their status and that of the Lieutenant-Governor and under no circumstance can they be placed before him. If on the other hand the rules of provincial precedence be observed then the admiral would be placed after the Lieutenant-Governor, but the name of the Governor-General could not appear at all. For undoubtedly the printed list at the head of which he appears infers a condition of affairs of which he is the chief, that is to say a Dominion not a Provincial function. ARTHUR BEANLANDS.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

To the Editor:—You deserve the thanks of the community for your efforts to induce discussion on our civic affairs. While thinking of writing some letters to you on our city government, your invitation to your readers to discuss

the subject appeared, and so far they have not used the privilege to any great extent.

Perhaps if specific subjects were mentioned the discussion might get into a channel that would enlighten some taxpayers on a few things they ought to be more familiar with than many of them are. In Victoria we want to arouse the public to discuss the city affairs for the city's good. The following items may assist some to come to the front, who are quite conversant with the matters if they will only gather themselves together for the effort:

1. The selection of good men for mayor and aldermen, and how to get them.
 2. The ward system, its evils and how to cure them.
 3. The mud flats, and how to cross them.
 4. The water rates—how to collect them.
 5. How to check hasty and ill (evil) advised measures (such as the city market and bonus to the Sidney railway).
 6. Local improvement.
- If the discussion could be confined to such subjects as these the city would benefit.
- The trouble is with those who, from experience, know what should be done and how to do it, leave the field too often to the crank or the mossback with their fads and fancies to tie the unthinkable. What we really want more than anything else in this city is to prevent extravagance and waste in our municipal affairs. Now that political affairs are shelved for a time, let us hope the intelligent ratepayer may be induced to enlighten the careless voter as to our needs and how to get them.

LETTER ONE.

Victoria, July 23, 1898.

MUD FLAT BRIDGES.

To the Editor:—The present bridges over James Bay and Rock Bay will soon have to be replaced. As a taxpayer the subject has been carefully considered by me for a long time, and I have come to the conclusion that we have had enough of building James Bay; let us make a solid filling over the bay, and be done with bridging, and its eternal cost and danger. While doing this it is necessary not to interrupt traffic over this ever-growing and important route. Here is my plan: Remove sufficient of the flooring between the rails of the tram car track, and dump gravel from cars run over the tram car line. The gravel can be brought by either the Esquimalt railway or the Sidney railway. Suitable car connection with the tram car line is simply a matter of detail, as the tram cars run close to both lines. If any one doubts this plan of filling, let him run up the Esquimalt railway line and see what a good job they have made on their tracks by filling in their trestles.

This plan, if followed would be economical, expeditious and simple. One sea wall would be sufficient, not necessarily high, nor expensive. The working details of the plan is a simple matter for the city engineer. The tram car people would most assuredly favor the plan, for it would be to the interest of the company, and I feel certain that if they and the railway people were approached in a proper spirit, that the arrangements could be easily made in the interest of the city. Rock Bay could be made a roadway on the same plan, on the same road already proposed at the council board.

As to the fate of the mud flats I will have something to say at another time.

LETTER TWO.

Victoria, July 23, 1898.

There is no joy in this world equal to the happiness of motherhood. A woman's health is her dearest possession. God's continuance depend on her health. Almost all of the sickness of women is traceable, directly or indirectly, to some derangement of the organs distinctly feminine. Troubles of this kind are often neglected because a very natural and proper modesty keeps women away from physicians, whose insistence upon examination and local treatment is generally as useless as it is common. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will do more for them than 30 doctors in 300. It will do more than the hundredth doctor can, unless he prescribes it. It is a prescription of Dr. R. V. Pierce, who for 30 years has been chief consulting physician of the World's Dispensary and Invalid's Hotel, at Buffalo, N. Y.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and get his great book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," absolutely free.

Canadian Yukon Gold Fields

The BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862

Arrangements have now been completed through the Canadian Bank of Commerce enabling this Bank to issue Letters of Credit, Drafts, Etc.,

Direct on DAWSON CITY,

(KLONDIKE.)

The Centre of the Yukon Gold Bearing District.

FOR ST. MICHAEL'S AND YUKON RIVER

BRITISH AMERICAN LINE

S.S. GARONNE, (4,000 Tons)

Capacity, 400 passengers, 4,000 tons Freight Will leave Victoria

JULY 20th, AUGUST 20th,

Connecting with

River Steamers, Robt Kerr, City of Chicago, Paul Walters, Lulu, Stewart and Mascott. For full particulars apply to

Dodwell Carlin & Co., 64 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

Or to E. W. McGinnis, General Freight and Passenger Agent. Frank Waterhouse, Burke B'ding, Seattle, Wash.

MACONOCHE'S RATIONS

THE Food for all Mining, Exploring and Touring Parties.

Maconochie's Patent Army and Navy Rations are a combination of choice Meat and Vegetables, forming a substantial, nutritious, and savoury meal, which can be eaten hot or cold. Hot in a few minutes.

MACONOCHE'S FOODS ARE THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY.

MACONOCHE BROTHERS, - - London, ENGLAND.

Manufacturers of Jams, Jellies, Marmalade, Bottled Fruits, Jelly Tablets, &c. Potted Meats, Pates and Camp Pies, Soups, Sausages, &c.

130 GOLD MEDALS AND HIGHEST AWARDS.

500 Celebrated PETERBOROUGH CANOES

Just Arrived. Weight 90 lbs. CARRY ONE TON.

POINTS OF MERIT: Lightness. Large carrying capacity. Durability and strength.

Cumbersome green lumber boats are expensive, heavy, and can only be used going down stream, being worthless for prospecting purposes up shallow creeks, owing to swift currents. Avoid blockade at Lakes Linderman and Bennett. Scarcity of boat lumber will make it impossible to supply one fourth the demand. Correspondence solicited.

THE NORTH-WEST TRADING CO., OF CANADA. FRANK WEIR & CO., Gen. Agents, Vancouver, B.C.

Ogilvie's waterproof canvas canoe covers. P. O. Box 419.

BOYS' SUITS AT HALF PRICE

Two Weeks Only.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS, HATTERS and OUTFITTERS
97 to 99 Johnson St., Victoria.

NOTICE.

Klondikers and others travelling in the north will find the Colonist on sale at the following places:—
Fort Wrangel.....Wrangel Drug Co.
Dawson.....F. M. Zimmerman
Seward.....J. H. Hyatt
Dyea.....Eugene Stahl

ACRE LOTS

Work Estate, Burnside Road, Gorge Rd
FOR SALE CHEAP
HEISTERMAN & CO.

THE CITY.

Fruit jars at Cheapside.
Drink Blue Ribbon Coffee.
Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.
Carpenter Tools at Cheapside.
McClary's ranges, Clarke & Pearson's.
Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental.
Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates \$2 upwards.
Dissolution sale now on. Gilmore & McCandless, 37 Johnson street.
4 N's—1 New Proprietor, N Table, N drinks and N Cigars of the best.
4 T's—1 Tourists, Tip, Top, Tony, Stevens' Hotel, Saanich Road.
The Badminton, Vancouver; management, John Creedon. Strictly first-class. Rates, \$2 upwards.
Two more carloads of good useful furniture unpacked this week; can be seen now.
For ice cream, ice cream soda and fresh and pure candies, come to the Palace of Sweets, successor to Lawrence.
Removed—Dr. A. E. Verinder, to the corner rooms, Five Sisters block, entrance No. 13, over C.P.R. office.
Shoppers and northern traders should see what Weiler Bros. can do in crockery and glassware before placing their orders.
The Hotel Butler, Seattle, is the headquarters for Victorians, and the Colonist will be found on sale at the hotel news stand.
Cyclists Beware! what you drink. Call at the Half-Way House (late Stevens'). A good dinner, a poem in drink, a luxurious cigar. All at city prices.
Election Notice.—The Elected and Rejected will both receive a cordial welcome at Stevens', "The Tourists' Retreat," Saanich Road, E. Davis, Proprietor.
Cheap Reading.—Another lot of those 15 cent books to hand. Dumas, Conan Doyle, Marie Corelli and all the best authors. The Victoria Book and Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's).
We have received a line of Tapestry Carpets from Crossley, and together with our cheaper grades in Brussels, can give you the very best value possible. Weiler Bros.
Mr. R. Livingstone and Miss Sinclair were the successful couple in the waltzing contest which formed a feature of Saturday evening's entertainment at the Foresters' reunion.
The "Faces of Girls I have met," is the latest musical composition published in Victoria. Bandmaster J. M. Finn and Mr. Frank Mortimer Kelly being respectively the musical and literary authors. The piece was sung for a first time in the A. O. U. W. theatre a month or so ago and has since become very popular. Both authors, as is well known, are Victorians.
A movement is on foot in Toronto to re-organize the Silver Bell Mining Co. of Rossland. A meeting was recently held in that city at which a syndicate of stockholders was formed to take the matter in hand and secure the property from "jumpers." R. G. Hector acted as chairman of the meeting, while J. A. Currie, of 52 Yonge street, was secretary. As soon as proxies representing three-fourths of the old stock are secured it is the intention to send Mr. Currie to Rossland to attend a meeting to be called for the purpose of re-organization.

MINERS.

Get your sheath knives, compasses, money belts, chamisso bags, camping cutlery, mining glasses, fishing tackle, etc., from Fox's, 78 Government St.

O'KELL & MORRIS'

PRESERVES AND
MARMALADES
Are the Purest and Best

Golf Hose, Leather & Elastic Belts

Golf Caps, Bicycle Caps,

The Latest Patterns in Sashes Just Arrived.

SAM REID, 122 Gov't Street.

ICE CREAM SODA

HALL & CO.,

Dispensing Chemists :: Clarence Block
Cor. Yates and Douglas.

TIMELY ASSISTANCE.

Steamer Willapa Renders Valuable Services to the Liner Mogul in a Fog.

A Ranch Stocked With Cattle That Have Become Like Wild Animals.

To-night the full strength of the company will be utilized in the presentation of "From Sire to Son"—a thoroughly well-told Harlequin story of the pine-perfumed West.

Last evening at the residence of Mr. J. Bennett, 50 View street, Rev. Dr. Campbell celebrated the marriage of James Marshall and Margaret Elizabeth Isabella Taylor, both of Victoria.

Appended are the tombola prize numbers which can now be exchanged at Fletcher Bros' store, Government street, N. 2 and 3 have already been claimed by Nannimo parties: 1, 1,807; 2, 1,818; 3, 1,874; 4, 1,700; 5, 1,736; 6, 960; 7, 1,850; 8, 1,891; 9, 1,574; 10, 2,120; 11, 1,186; 12, 1,801; 13, 1,083; 14, 1,807; 15, 1,700; 16, 1,001; 17, 1,960.

Mr. J. Wachter of the Victoria fire department, whom death robbed of his helpmate in life only a few weeks ago, was again visited by the Grim Destroyer on Sunday last, when his little two-year-old daughter Florence was taken away. The funeral is to take place this morning from St. Andrew's cathedral.

Quite a number of ladies attended last evening at the opening of cutting and fitting classes organized in connection with the work of the Universal Brotherhood. At the close of the evening, Rev. Dr. B. Copeland is to lecture at the society's rooms, Broad street, on the war in its relation to the Brotherhood.

Ah Ling, an old offender, was yesterday charged in the police court with stealing four cigars from Harry Cole, of the Pritchard House. As there was no interpreter in attendance the case was adjourned until this morning. Philip Chalk was sent down for a month for going on one of his periodical benders.

Unlucky Bernard Shaw seems to be a person born to misfortune and fulfilling his natural destiny. He was yesterday admitted to the result of an accident which compelled him to use crutches, and was coming down stairs slowly and carefully Sunday afternoon, when the banister gave way under his hand and he fell to the lower flight. This time it was his left arm that was fractured.

For the second time within a few months John Wilson was yesterday charged in the city police court with obstructing Francis Curran, the city poundkeeper, in the discharge of his duties. Curran was attempting to take some cows which Wilson interfered with to the pound, when Wilson interfered. He was fined \$5 and \$2 costs. A similar charge against Andrew Goodman was dismissed.

Considerable complaint is being expressed by residents of the Gorge road as to the manner in which the B. C. Electric Railway Co. are destroying trees and other property along the line followed by the high current transmission wire from the Goldstream power station. In several cases ornamental trees, planted and grown with years of care by appreciative owners have been destroyed, and the victims are naturally indignant. They have no desire to hinder the company in its work, they say, but unless some consideration is shown their indisputable rights they will apply for an injunction to protect themselves and their property.

Dr. James Fletcher, Dominion entomologist and botanist, of Ottawa, who arrived here last week, has since then been the guest of Mr. James R. Anderson. The first two of the proposed series of lectures to farmers' institutes were delivered on Friday and Saturday of last week at Nannimo and Duncan, and were received with marked attention. Dr. Fletcher is a fluent and easy speaker and carries his audiences with him. In company with Mr. Anderson he left on Sunday night to continue the course of lectures to the institutes on the lower Fraser and the upper country. It is a regrettable fact that his time is so limited that it is impossible to take all the institutes in during the present tour.

There is every reason to believe that, even although a speedy trial has been asked for, it will be some weeks yet before a conclusion is reached in the murder case of Regina vs. Belle Adams. When the hearing came on at the hour set yesterday, before Mr. Justice Irving, the prisoner's counsel, Mr. Powell, sought and was granted a one-day continuance. This was for the purpose of securing an affidavit supporting a yet longer adjournment, until the arrival about August 12 of the steamer Danube, by which a witness whose evidence is held to be material, is supposed to be returning from St. Michael.

J. D. Stewart, the Nannimo Klondiker, whose robbery by members of "Sonny Smith's" gang precipitated the breaking up of that lawless organization and the death of its leader, arrived home on Sunday last via Seattle, having received his money back from the citizens' committee—it was found concealed in an old trunk at the rear of "Sonny Smith's" saloon, and seen the thieves committed for trial and sent in custody to Sikka, having been unable to secure bonds to the amount of \$25,000 each. The breaking up of the gang is still in progress, the work of the vigilantes being thorough and successful in the extreme. Forest fires were reported to be raging in the neighborhood of Sheen Canyon when the last steamer left the North, the safety of the little settlement being threatened on several occasions.

Captain H. R. Foot, of the steamer Willapa, does not generally act in the capacity of a pilot, but on his last trip in from the coast he was practically the pilot of the Northern Pacific liner Mogul. The Willapa arrived last evening, and coming up the straits she had the company of the big trans-Pacific liner all the way. The weather was mild but very foggy and the Mogul was steering dangerously close to shore, apparently following in the tracks of the smaller vessel, which was kept in shore in order to call at Carmanah and San Juan. Capt. Foot was watching her movements, and finally put alongside the liner and gave the skipper his proper bearings. Had it not been for this the Mogul might have been hard and fast on the rocks to-day. The Willapa has been down to Kyquoot and loaded at Hesquoot an interesting consignment. There were ten calves in the shipment, which formed one of the very few brought to Victoria from Father Brabant's stock ranch. Twenty years ago Father Brabant catted about twenty head of well-bred cattle on his place and they have continued to increase and multiply until now there are upwards of 200 of them, all with the exception of about thirty head as wild as the beasts of the forests. In fact they themselves roam the forests and cannot be approached except unawares. The thirty head or more that are somewhat domesticated are also like horses, but are considered tame as compared with the others, because they now and again come home for food. The Willapa brings news of some important gold discoveries. One of these has been made by Messrs. Miller and Hansen and others at Kyquoot, three claims in all being located. The ledge is five feet in depth and carries some gold. A second discovery was made at Nootka by Messrs. McKinnon and Waters and is also said to be very rich. The passengers on the Willapa were Mrs. Foot and daughter, Fathers Brabant and Sobey, who are here to attend the induction of Bishop Christie next month; Messrs. J. Menzies, J. Wilkinson and A. S. Going, who have been surveying at Clayoquot; P. S. Spain, provincial constable at Clayoquot; G. W. R. Cowell, of the Victoria Metallurgical Works, who has been down to Alberni on one of his periodical visits; G. Vanstidder and B. Bonthron, mining men; Geo. Shaw, a prospector; J. Walter, G. D. Christie, J. McKenzie, and Mr. George. On the steamer's deck there arrived from Alberni two boats belonging to the wrecked stern-wheeler Marquis of Dufferin. On the trip the steamer saw none of the Victoria sealing fleet, all the schooners having apparently got started on their voyage to Behling sea.

"LOUISE" AWAY FOR WRANGEL.

Steamer Princess Louise had a big freight on leaving for Wrangel and northern British Columbia last evening. It included 50 tons of hay for the Casca Trading Co., and considerable general freight for northern canneries. Besides this some cargo going to Wrangel for the C. P. R. Co. will be received at Vancouver where 28 head of mules will be taken on. Among the passengers is Arthur Langley, of the Canadian Development Co., who is going through to Dawson via the Stikine and Teslin lakes and is looking forward to being only fifteen days on the trip. J. Chapman, Thos. Olsen, Mrs. Briggs and children, J. M. L. Alexander and Mrs. Livingstone were other passengers on the Louise.

MARINE NOTES.

The Lakne has been withdrawn from the Klondike service, and joins the United States transport fleet, carrying soldiers and their supplies from San Francisco to the Philippines.

Tug Lorne, after taking the coal laden ship Glory of the Seas out yesterday, went up to Departure Bay for a second coal carrier in the ship Wachusett.

Steamer Garonne is under orders to remain at her outer wharf berth until to-morrow, proceeding then to Comox, where she takes bunker coal.

The barkentine Northwest, 490 tons, has been chartered to load lumber at Chemainus for Santa Rosalia.

Tug Czar left yesterday to tow down from Thobis Island the bark Melrose, laden with props for Santa Rosalia.

Steamer City of Topeka is due from the North to-day.

The steamer Dirigo has been secured by Walter Oakes, manager of the Alaska Steamship Company, to run in connection with the Rosalia on the Northern route. She is due from St. Michael next week, being now operated between that point and St. Francisco in company with the Bertha and Leclaire.

The steamer has accommodation for 100 first-class passengers, 75 second-class passengers and 900 tons. Capt. Roberts will have charge of her.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer, from Vancouver.
Str. City of Kingston, from Port Townsend.
Str. Mischief, from Nannimo.
Str. Czar, from the Straits.
Str. Oscar, from New Westminster.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer, for Vancouver.
Str. City of Kingston, for Port Townsend.
Str. Oscar, for Nannimo.
Str. Mischief, for Vancouver.
Str. Mischief, for Nannimo.

The First Presbyterian church, which looks very pretty after its coat of paint and kalsomine, was reopened on Sunday morning by Rev. Principal King, of Manitoba College, who preached a forcible and eloquent sermon to a large congregation. Dr. King is a man of great power in the Presbyterian church, and is at the head of a college which is doing noble work in the West. British Columbia is supplied with most of her Presbyterian missionaries from the Winnipeg college. The service of Sunday evening at the First church was one of sacred song, well conducted by Mr. Brown and his large and well trained choir, the pastor giving only a ten-minute address from the words "Except the Lord do build the house, their labor in vain that build it."

The agricultural commission continue their sessions to-day, meeting at Saanich at 2 in the afternoon.

THE BRAVE AND VIRTUOUS MR. TEMPLEMAN.

This gentleman, Mr. Editor, rushed in where a wiser man might "fear to tread"—and left himself open to challenge and criticism as to his qualification to become a senator. This man, whether by his own hand and malice, or by that of contributors, or subordinates, has—in the Times newspaper editor in such a low and brutal manner towards Mr. Turner and his government that he in turn deserves no pity or sympathy if he meets with the punishment consequent; if he has subscribed to a false declaration. Now that he has in the magnitude of innocence thrown down the gauntlet, it will be strictly in order for the Senate to appoint a committee to investigate his qualification, which if found in accordance with the meaning of the B. N. A. act, would place him in his seat above suspicion—but should it be found that at the time of his appointment the value of real estate registered in his name was \$1,200—that in February the value had risen to \$5,000—but no money changed hands to increase the value to \$5,000—that he does not now, nor did he at any time own real estate to the value of \$5,000 over and above his debts. In such a case his retirement from the midst of a body of honorable gentlemen could follow, and justly so. To set doubt and suspicion on record, Mr. Templeman's proper course is to move at the next session of parliament for a committee to examine and report on his case. Will he face this proposition? Has he the moral courage to do so, or will he prefer to rest under a doubt? You, Mr. Editor, have challenged Mr. Templeman to reply to certain statements. He replies by threats of intimidation. Let him if he can, show that in February he had \$5,000 with which to purchase a property qualification. The very fact of his having the value of \$5,000 of land registered in his name in February points to his not being qualified at the time of his appointment. If the vendors of the said land were placed on his oath what would he say as to collusion? VICTORIA.

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor:—I was greatly surprised, and not a little annoyed, to see in the Colonist of July 24th the mistake you had made with reference to my letter on what I consider your mistaken parallel between the action of the captain of the U. S. battleship Texas and Cromwell's Ironsides. Far from being amused at, or thinking lightly of true, deep-seated, ingrained religious belief, I reverence it so much, and value it so highly, that few characters are, to my mind, more worthy of admiration and it is exactly this very belief and reverence of mine that leads me to regard, with anything but admiration, the manner of Capt. Phipps's expression of gratitude. As you show a very proper action can be rendered ludicrously vulgar by the manner in which it is performed, as the following extract from "At the Mercy of Tiberius," by A. Evans Wilson, will show: "Beyre drew herself up to her full height, and as Judge Dent's eyes dwelt in irrespressible admiration upon her, his manhood did homage to her grace and dignity, and he took off his hat."

Part of my comment in my note book, written years ago is: "Delicious. This after Judge Dent had been in the room with Byre for some time, etc." Whether I possess the inestimable advantage of being able to see the ludicrous side of things is immaterial—as immaterial as the printer's error of putting a note of interrogation after the word "Augusta" where I had put the letter "R" in parentheses, to enable people to rhyme it nicely with "luster." As to your corrections of the versicle, I think you are right as to the last line, but, as for the first line, I have never heard it repeated nor seen it in print as you say it was written. Your "William III." looks rather funny, doesn't it? For surely the present Emperor of Germany is only William II. As to the realities of the whole of life, I shall hope that you and I will always agree in thinking that gratitude to God—in peace or in war—is one of our first duties—even though we may agree to differ as to our modes of expressing that gratitude.

M. J. A.
Victoria, July 25, 1898.

WOMEN AND WAR REVENUE.
New Stamp Tax Is Causing a Great Deal of Trouble to the Drug Clerks.

The new revenue stamps are causing the women and the drug clerks lots of trouble. The clerks are developing a facility of explanation among their equal a first-class public school instructor for every woman who finds an article costs more than when she last bought it, wants to know the reason why.

For instance, a woman will go into an apothecary shop and hand out a quarter for a fifteen cent box of powder, and received only 8 cents change. She counts over a couple of times, with the clerk watching her, an amused smile adorning his face in anticipation of the coming question, and then she says:

"I only paid 15 cents for this the last time I bought it."

"Oh, that's all right," said the clerk. "It's 17, now. Uncle Sam wants the other two cents as your contribution to the war fund."

"But I don't want to contribute to the war fund. I don't approve of the war, and I think Uncle Sam is an old busy-body, poking his nose in other people's affairs. Give me some other kind of powder. I'll take something that is not taxed." Then she paid 20 cents for what she took, but it did not line Uncle Sam's pocket, so at least one woman was willing to sacrifice a favorite article for the sake of principle.

The next customer was of another stripe.

"You've charged me 2 cents too much," she said, as she counted the change.

"Oh, no, madam, I've not," was the answer to the objector; "war is responsible for that two cents. That's a tax to help pay the wages of the boys fighting down in Cuba."

"Well, I'm jolly glad to help Uncle Sam along that way," said the patriotic girl. "It's mighty little to give toward a return for the boys' service, isn't it? But maybe some day a lad who is down there will be my lover, so I'll take ten boxes and give them to my friends," and with a gay smile she left the shop.

The funeral of the late Thomas Brownlee took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence, Simcoe street, Rev. A. B. Winchester conducted the services, and the following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. J. Ritchie, A. Young, P. Hedges and Geo. Brownlee.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Left Prostrate

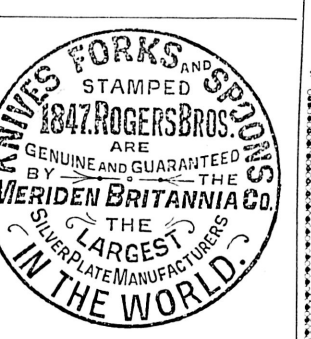
Weak and Run Down, With Heart and Kidneys in Bad Condition—Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I was very much run down, having been sick for several months. I had been trying different remedies which did me no good. I would have severe spells of coughing that would leave me prostrate. I was told that my lungs were affected, and my heart and kidneys were in a bad condition. In fact, it seemed as though every organ was out of order. I felt that something must be done and my brother advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I procured a bottle and began taking it. Before it was half gone I felt that it was helping me. I continued its use and it has made me a new woman. I cannot praise it too highly." MRS. SUMMERVILLE, 217 Ossington Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.
Get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1, six for \$5.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial, 25c.



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KEEPS COOL CLOTHING

The kind that costs so little; the kind that bids defiance to old Sol's fierce rays and General Humidity's melting moods.

Alpaca Coats, Straw Hats, Negligie Shirts, Cool Underwear.
For Men and Boys, at easy prices; prices as light as the weight of the garment.

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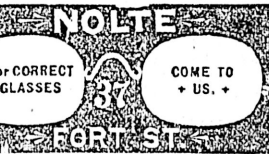
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Pianos

Are the most artistic and refined instruments made.

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FROM Harrison Hot Springs

THORPE & CO., LTD.

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Storage Department.
100,000 sq. feet of Storage.

Bonded, Ordinary, Cold. } Storage.
Negotiable Warehouse Receipts Issued. Advances Made.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Anyone knowing the former boarding place or any particulars of the late James B. Smith, who died on the steamer Tees, February 27, 1898, will please notify Mr. C. C. Pemberton, lawyer, 55 Yates street.

YOU'LL REGRET IT

If you let the closing days of this sale go by without paying us a visit. Many have saved money already, why not you?

Celebrated "Health" Flannel, natural wool, twilled or plain, 33 cts yd.
English Shirt Flannels, worth 45 cts, at 25 cts yd.
Cream Serge Flannels, regular 50 cts, at 35 cts.
Bolano French Satteens for dresses at 10 cts yd.
A few Blouse Silks at 35 cts yd.
10 pieces Black Brocades, double fold, 35 cts yd.
All remnants and ends, and all odd and broken lines will be cleared this week.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

The Westside,



Jewels a Pleasure

Long Gold Chains, Chain Bracelets, gold and silver New styles in Gem Rings just received.

C. E. REDFERN

43 Government St.

Semi-Weekly Colonist

\$1.50 Per Annum

GEO. POWELL & CO.

Cheapside, 127 Gov. St.

Granite Fruit Kettles
Crown Fruit Jars
Rubber Rings All Sizes

CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St.

Furniture Department

Weiler Bros.

FINE BEDROOM SUITES in Mahogany, Birch, Oak Bird's Eye Maple, White Maple, etc. Also 2-piece sets (Bureau and Washstand) to be used with our BRASS BEDSTEADS, either in French or Italian Styles.
Illustrated catalogue of Bedsteads, etc. on application.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

We are the sole agents for the Pacific Coast for

FOUR CROWN SCOTCH WHISKY

Ex-Benicia, Allonby and Agnes Oswald

Corby's Rye Whiskey

In Bond and Duty Paid

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

FLOATING DOWN YUKON

Joaquin Miller Describes His Trip Out With First Fruits of New Fields.

General Feeling That This Year's Yield Is But a Tithe of That to Come.

St. Michael (Alaska), July 4.—There was a wild excitement on the day we sailed, and meeting Mr. Mahoney, lawyer for the Treadwell mine of Juneau, who has just come in over the Dalton pass, scene of the reported new find, I asked him for the facts. I also asked him about Bratnohor, generally referred to as agent for the Rothschilds, with whom I found him travelling last year. He hastily wrote for me the following: "Bratnohor is at Dalton Post, Alsee river, about 150 miles from the coast, from which place he has been sending an expedition to Copper river and is waiting results. Meantime prospects in placer mines were found in the neighborhood of Dalton Post, and Bratnohor is now interested there. Prospects are reported good and many locations have been made."

The new mines are on a tributary of White river. White river runs into the Yukon a few hours' ride, on the opposite side.

A little fleet of gold-bearing steamers, five in all, left Dalton Post on the 24th, double about the same time. The Victoria, an up-river boat, starting first, June 23. She carried more than 60 passengers, some of them for Stewart river and about one million in gold dust. This was her third trip up the river this season. She leaves her passengers at old Fort Selkirk, where last Dalton advertised big posters that he is waiting with 350 horses to transport people over the Dalton trail to the water. The fare is \$200.

The next to leave Dawson was the little river steamer Goddard, built in San Francisco and put together at Lake Bennett. She is the first link in a chain of three similar steamers for the Upper Yukon. I am told, although am not certain, that her cargo will be about that of the Victoria. This is the trial trip, and doubt prevails as to her ability to stem the swift and fast narrowing waters. Fare, \$200.

The next steamer to leave the wharf was the Hamilton, June 24. This is by far the biggest and best steamer that has as yet ascended to Dawson. She had a hundred and sixty-four passengers, but no freight to speak of, except what was in the hands of private parties.

It is hard to say what gold they carried. I saw two men weighing their gold before going aboard. They had several hundred pounds, as much as five men could conveniently handle. Some of the men seem to have nothing. One poor old German, who we all thought he could scarcely get aboard, broke his belt when getting up from the table the first day out, and when we saw his bags roll to the floor we knew what was the matter with him.

The fourth steamer to leave Dawson was the Wearo. She had about fifty passengers and about five tons of gold-dust—three for the company and three tons for the two Dawson banks.

The fifth and last of the fleet to leave Dawson was the Dawson, which carried 135 passengers and near ten tons of gold dust. A few miles down we met the Seattle, well-laden with passengers. They had been nearly year on the water and ice, and well—we were, in comparison, arrayed in purple. They shouted as we passed, yelling with delight, and every man who had a gun to shake about it, and in the air, as he tipped and shouted till he was hoarse.

The morning sun came out bright and hot as we passed. And then, mostly in the afternoon, from wood-choppers near by we learned that the town called Eagle City has about 700 souls, and that there were about 200 men in the country, and in passing well, and that they boast they have the new El Dorado. We saw a "city" of about two miles in length by the water's edge, and the town mostly in the hills, and along the water's edge. It is not the habit of steamers carrying treasure to stop at these newer towns where there is no dust to be had, and they go on to Forty Mile, Circle City and Rampart. Forty mile has not been worked much the past season, the mine owners say. They had about 500 Klondike mines. We found about 500 miners at Forty-Mile, the larger half being new men, their small boats lining the river bank for miles. The new men are mostly from O'Brien creek, 100 miles distant, 200 miners having already gone and as many more making ready to go. The town is positively deserted, but the boats are continually coming in down the river. We took on seven passengers, all with money, but the treasure from this place was less than a quarter of a million.

We found Circle City almost entirely cut off from the river by changes in the channel. We had to pass five miles to the east, and then down the river, and on down beyond for miles and then up another channel to the landing. It looks as if Circle City will be miles from the river, and the boats will be miles from the river. The mines are paying but miners are scarce. The collector of the port, Charles Smith, told me that Pat Canina had sent him an order for 200 men, and that he could furnish one-quarter of the number. However, new men are arriving daily, but only a few of them are practical miners. Wages are \$10 a day and \$1.25 per hour. Canina's claim-up is a little more than \$100,000. Charles Canina will do still better, but has been short of men and is behind with cleaning up. He has sent a request on file with the collector of the port for men. He sent in for 300 from the mines, but could get but 200 men, says Collector Smith, will be above half a million, although but little work has been done, most of the claim-owners being still in the Klondike mines. We took on thirteen passengers and close to a quarter of a million in dust.

At Fort Yukon where the Porcupine river makes water the Yukon even for big boats, we took on a very sick man, and a few miles below one of our Dawson passengers, Frank Hertz, died—consumption. He was a banker from Minnesota, where he had once been Survey-General. It may be noted here, and has been commented on by many, that the men seem to go all to pieces so soon as the intense excitement of the gold mines is left behind, and they are comfortably resting on the boat. I wrote it down with delight, and only lay about on the Yukon that we had but one sick man, and only one pair of crutches on board, yet in a few days we had one dead, two or three reported to be dying, and many lay about on the decks in rows as if more than half dead.

With the Minook mines nearly a thousand miles down the Yukon from the Klondike and nearly the same distance from the mouth of the river, if you reckon the twists and turns our notes on the gold mines of the great North coincide. The output is about \$200,000 this season, the miners, several of whom took passage with us, having nearly \$100,000 in dust, say that they will swell the output to more than a million the

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. BAKER'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
Awarded
Highest Honors, World's Fair
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

coming season. They claim that little work was done this year, because the water did not freeze as usual. Two famous finds were reported, Quill Creek, thirty miles away, and about 200 high-bar claims on Minook. The gold is coarse and heavy, and of the highest quality. The Klondike miner is not as a rule the fool we read about. I do not know what these 400 will average to the man, but not less than \$10,000, although all I have spoken to put it at twice that sum.—Joaquin Miller, in the S. F. Exam.

The Three Famed Blacks.

Of the world are Diamond Dye Fast Black for Wool, Diamond Dye Fast Black for Cotton and Mixed Goods, and Diamond Dye Fast Black for Silk and Feather. The results that each of these Blacks produce are marvellous and pleasing. Your faded and dingy dresses, jackets, capes, coats, pants, vests, hose, etc., that are now so useless and repulsive-looking, can be made like new garments with the Diamond Dye Blacks. The faded, rusty and discolored silks and feathers are made new creations by using Diamond Dye Fast Black for Silk and Feathers.

Do not be deceived by bulky package dyes, adulterated with grease and other foreign substances; insist upon your dealer giving you the Diamond Dyes, one packet of which will dye as much as three packets of any other make.

GUNPOWDER.

It has been remarked that gunpowder is fitted to the gun what the soul is to the body. It gives it life and makes it of some account. It is the means to an end. Gunpowder drives the shot that the man behind the gun aims at the enemy, and enables him, if he be as skillful as most of the marksmen in the United States navy are, to demolish his target, whether it be a bird or a man or a ship or a fort.

Ordinary gunpowder, the kind one buys in a store, is a mechanical mixture of seventy-five parts of saltpetre, fifteen parts of charcoal, and ten parts of sulphur. The properties such a mixture possesses may be altered to any desired extent by changing these proportions; the method of treatment also modifies the character of the resulting powder, and the size and shape of the grain likewise influence the action of the powder.

To manufacture gunpowder quantities of each ingredient are thoroughly mixed in the proper proportions, in a machine called a mixer, the composition resulting from this being known as green powder. Green powder must be subjected to the incorporation process, an extremely dangerous one, for it is in the incorporating that nearly all powder mill explosions occur.

The green powder is put into a tube, where heavy runners of three or four tons weight grind it into a homogenous mixture. After incorporation the "small cake," as it is called, is crushed between green-metal rollers, then it is subjected to different treatment, according to the powder to be produced, whether grain, pebble, or prismatic. Granulated powder is the ordinary grain powder of commerce, pebble powder, or giant powder, or blasting powder—for all three are practically the same—is quite like grain powder, except that each grain is of the average size of a pebble. Prismatic powder is the kind used in service to drive shot home; therefore a short description of it may not be uninteresting.

U. S. NAVY GUNPOWDER. The powder charges for guns of the United States navy are made up of hexagonal prisms of brown gunpowder. Brown gunpowder contains usually about thirty-two parts of nitre, three parts of which when exploded it produces no smoke. As charcoal, which accounts for the chocolate color of the powder. Prismatic powder is produced by the same process as other powders, only the grains are pressed into prisms by hydraulic machinery instead of being separated and glazed. The prisms thus formed are one inch high and three-quarters of an inch on the sides; there is a round hole, half an inch in diameter, through the middle of each hexagon.

Powder charges for all of our guns not using fixed ammunition with metallic cartridge cases are put up in wullen serge cartridge bags, the prisms forming the charge being carefully piled up in layers of the diameter of the chamber of the gun, one on top of the other, so that the holes in the prisms will be coincident. Brown prismatic powder ignites slowly; it is therefore necessary to put into each cartridge a prism or two of quick burning black powder in the centre of the bottom layer, next to the breech plug. By this time the flame is quickly distributed through the charge, and the powder is driven out of its bag in a copper cylinder, with removable heads. This cylinder is passed from the magazine of the ship up to the gun, where the ends are removed and the charge pushed into the gun chamber. All the powder charges in service on board the United States ships are brown prismatic, though smokeless powder is being tried, with a view to its adoption.

SMOKELESS POWDER.

Smokeless powder is so called because it more profitable to train your singers in a matter of fact, however, a light, thin, transparent vapour is usually seen, but it quickly disappears. Smokeless powders, from the nature of the ingredients employed in making them, leave no residue when exploded, the products of the combustion being gaseous, whereas in ordinary gunpowders, whether brown or black, the products are partly gaseous and partly solid, the solid parts being visible in the deposits left in the bore of the gun, in the bits of fire blown out of the muzzle at the time of the discharge, and in the heavy, thick smoke that hangs about obscuring the view.

The composition of the smokeless powder used in our navy is not known, except that gun-cotton is the principal ingredient; in all powders of this class some high explosive, like gun-cotton, nitro-glycerine, the peritrate, or a combination of these, is employed as a base. The smokeless powder made at Newport for our navy is a hard, lustrous substance, of a light yellowish color. It is put up in the form of sticks, resembling vermicelli in size and appearance; that for the large calibre guns looks like macaroni, having a cylindrical hole through the stick. The largest size stick is about three-eighths inch in diameter, with a hole through it about one-sixth inch in diameter.

Three pints of liquid a day are sufficient for the average adult. The extract to make sugar from beets dates back as far as the year 1747. Ninety reporters are employed in the gallery of the House of Commons. The inhabitants of Cochín, China, much prefer rotten eggs to fresh ones. Coal is dearer in South Africa than in any other part of the world; it is cheapest in China.

It is one of the privileges of Chinese commanding officers that they may only be beaten by the hand of their general. The working class forms 69 per cent., the middle class 28 per cent, and the upper class 3 per cent, of the population of this country.

In the Crimean war 95,415 lives were sacrificed, and at Bородино, when the French and Russians fought, 78,000 men were left dead on the battlefield.

KLONDIKE AT HOME.

Northwest Farming Pays Better Than Yukon Mining.

(Spokane Spokesman-Review.)

The season is at hand for the harvesting of the greatest crop Eastern Washington has known. Nature has been most kind this year in her favors to the grain grower. Rains have been copious and timely. Sunshine has been constant when the vegetation needed warmth, and no scorching winds have blown to shrivel the kernel of the grain. Last year the inland empire harvested and sold at least 15,000,000 bushels of wheat. This total may be exceeded in 1898 two or three millions of bushels. But the returns from grain this year will not be as large as last year. Wheat quotations have approached their normal level. There are good crops in India and Argentina, Russia may have wheat to sell, and other but small producers will swell the total of the visible supply. Even with 60-cent wheat, which now appears a modest price, there are fortunes in the fields of Eastern Washington and Northern Idaho. Labor is plentiful, thousands of harvest hands coming into the country from California, where the crop is almost a total failure. The number of threshing outfits has almost doubled, and they are well distributed throughout the entire wheat belt. Methods of transportation and storage are being perfected and are superior to any heretofore enjoyed. Last year the money from the immense crops went out of the state to the treasury boxes of the mortgage companies. This year a large portion of the receipts will go into the home banks. A fair estimate of the value of this year's inland empire wheat crop is \$9,000,000. To grow and harvest the crop will cost not to exceed 25 cents a bushel, or \$1,500,000, leaving a net profit, providing fair weather and conditions prevail from now until October, of \$4,500,000.

The possession of this money means an increase of thrift in Washington and Idaho, inasmuch as the man with the bank roll is not given to idling. It will be used to some degree to improving man and in building better homes and in preparing for further curtailment of the expense of the next harvest. Our Klondike at home is less risky and almost as lucrative as the gold fields of the North.

PERSONAL.

A. S. Farwell has arrived from the Interior. H. H. Dearborn and daughter, of Seattle, are guests at the Drriad. A. A. and Mrs. Shaw have returned from their honeymoon visit to Cowichan Lake.

Mrs. Neufelder arrived from the South yesterday morning on a visit to Victoria friends. J. M. L. Alexander has returned to the North, being a passenger by the steamer Princess Louise.

J. E. Martin was a passenger by the City of Kingston yesterday, returning from a brief visit to the South. Dr. and Mrs. Luhn, of Spokane, and Miss Hickey, of New York, are spending a holiday in Victoria and are registered at the Drriad.

J. G. Ure leaves for Vancouver this morning to open a branch office of the Mining Record in that city, of which he will be business manager.

Dwight Brainerd of the Hamilton Powder Company, Montreal, is at the Drriad.

S. D. Majoribanks, of London, registered at the Drriad yesterday.

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Robert Craig & Co., wholesale grocers, of Montreal, have assigned with liabilities of \$94,000, of which \$50,000 is unsecured.

Louis W. Pears, a young Englishman aged 23, was found dead in the last but one room of a Spadina avenue boarding house in Toronto yesterday. His parents live in England and remitted money regularly to Louis.

The Swellest Swell In Sweldom

or rather cycledown, is the swell '08 Red Bird Special.

It is high grade from the pedals to the handlebars.

It is beautifully finished and absolutely perfect in construction.

Each ball of the bearings runs in a cage by itself, never coming in contact with its fellows.

Friction is reduced to a minimum and the Red Bird Special runs away from the wheels with the old style bearings.

The price of the Red Bird Special is \$100, and when you see a rider mounted on one you can mark him for either a man who can afford to buy a good wheel, or a rider with sufficient mechanical knowledge to appreciate a first-class article in bicycles.

The... GOOLD BICYCLE CO. Limited.

BRANTFORD, ONT.

ONIONS & PLIMLEY, Agents, Victoria.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS

such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fulness after meals, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Constiveness, Blistches on the Skin, Cold Chills, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. Every sufferer will acknowledge them to be

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system and cure Sick Headache. For a

Weak Stomach

Impaired Digestion

Disordered Liver

IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN

Beecham's Pills are

Without a Rival

And have the

LARGEST SALE

of any Patent Medicine in the World.

at all Drug Stores.

SUPPLIES

For KLONDIKE

should include

BORDEN'S

Peerless Brand

EVAPORATED CREAM

UNSWEETENED

The high reputation for keeping quality is already well established; hence, no experiment.

NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO.

ODDS AND ENDS.

The London Spectator aptly characterizes the Standard as "the kind of a man who always leaves his revolver in the car, and, discovering the fact, walks to his death unarmed, lest anybody should suppose he is afraid."

A Washington girl wrote to her brother in camp at Chickamauga, asking him what he and his comrades stood most in need of. His answer was brief, but full of meaning to every volunteer who has suffered from the modern girl's brass button craze.

"Dear sister," it ran, "send me safety-pins. I've just met fifteen new girls."

The statue of General Wolfe has mysteriously disappeared from its accustomed place in Quebec, and no one seems to know what has become of it. Years ago some British midies with odd ideas as to "charms" carried off the queer old wooden memorial for a voyage to the West Indies, but it was subsequently returned.

The possibilities of the Celestial Empire as a market for American manufactures are outlined in glowing terms by Charles Denby, Jr., who was formerly secretary of the United States Legation at Peking.

"Within twenty years," says Mr. Denby, there will be 20,000 miles of railway in operation in China. The internal development of the Orient has just begun; America's footing in Oriental trade will be broadened and our prestige in the far East greatly increased."

Shiloh's Consumption Cure cures where others fail. It is the leading Cough Cure and no home should be without it. Pleasant to take and goes right to the spot. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

If you once try Carter's Little-Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

Stage Leaves Duncan's E. & N Railway

Morday, Wednesday and Friday

Price Bros. Frogs.

Have you Tried



Smoking Tobacco:

WE SUIT YOU

More than one way. Our work always gives satisfaction.

CAMPBELL & GO
The leading tailors, opposite Colonist office, corner Broad and Trounce Alley.

SUMMER TRADE

Latest

Novelties in

....British

Woollens

We Lead in Fine Goods at Right Prices

THOMAS BROS. & GRANT.

Civil, Naval and Military Tailors

92 Government Street

Without exception is manufactured by

THE OKANAGAN FLOUR MILLS CO., OF

ARMSTRONG, B.C.

A Home Institution. If you want satisfaction use

O.K. BRANDS OF FLOUR

Hungarian—xxxx—Strong Bakers

Graham—Whole Wheat—Best